Memorandum

To: Councilmembers and Media

From: Mayor Emily S. Niehaus

Date: 2/14/2020

Re: Special City Council Meeting

The City of Moab will hold a Special Joint Moab City/Grand County Council Meeting on Tuesday, February 18, 2020 at 12:00 p.m. The purpose of this meeting will be:

   Briefing and possible action
2. Discussion Items
   • UDOT Recreational Hotspot Funding Review and Discussion (County Councilmember Wells)
   • Duplication of City/County Services and Opportunities for Collaboration/Consolidation (County Councilmember Wells)
   • Review of County/City Legislative Agendas for 2020 Utah Legislative Session (County and City Councilmembers)
   • Review of City/County Affordable Housing Policies and their Impacts (County Councilmember Wells)
3. Future considerations
   • Joint Vision Statement for City and County (County Council Chairperson McGann)
   • The Meeting will be held in the Grand County Council Chambers at 125 East Center Street, Moab, Utah.

The Meeting will be held in the Grand County Council Chambers at 125 East Center Street, Moab, Utah.

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, individuals needing special accommodations during this meeting should notify the Recorder’s Office at 217 East Center Street, Moab, Utah 84532; or phone (435) 259-5121 at least three (3) working days prior to the meeting.
RESOLUTION 12-2020

A RESOLUTION IN SUPPORT OF RATIFICATION BY UTAH OF THE EQUAL RIGHTS AMENDMENT TO THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION

WHEREAS, Article IV, Section 1 of the Utah Constitution, adopted in 1895, states: “The rights of citizens of the State of Utah to vote and hold office shall not be denied or abridged on account of sex. Both male and female citizens of this State shall enjoy equally all civil, political and religious rights and privileges”; and

WHEREAS, when Utah joined the nation in 1896 as the third state to include women’s voting rights in its constitution, Anna Howard Shaw, one of the nation’s greatest suffrage leaders, expressed no surprise that the men of Utah had chosen to lead in this way, saying, “Utah is . . . dear to the heart of every woman who loves liberty in these United States”; and

WHEREAS, Utah should tout our history of being a leader in equal political rights; and

WHEREAS, on February 14, 1870, Seraph Young, the grandniece of Brigham Young, was the first woman to legally cast a vote in any election in the United States; and

WHEREAS, in Utah in 1896, Dr. Martha Hughes Cannon became the first woman in the United States ever to be elected as a state senator, and a statute of her will join that of Brigham Young in the National Statuary Hall in Washington, D.C., recognizing Martha Hughes Cannon as a pioneer for women’s equality in government; and

WHEREAS, Utah must reaffirm this historical example of women leadership and highlight the advances of Utah women today;

WHEREAS, there is reason to celebrate the historic and ongoing accomplishments of women and their role in numerous positions of importance in the state and to affirm the autonomy and independence of women to pursue opportunities to serve as elected, appointed, and hired leaders in the state, and to recognize our historical roots of women's equal political rights; and

WHEREAS, Utah’s state constitution is a shining example to the nation that women everywhere shall have equal political rights and enjoy equally all civil, political, and religious rights and privileges; and

WHEREAS, equality under the law is a fundamental value of the United States and the people of Utah; and

WHEREAS, legislation and court decisions have increased women’s access to education, employment, and public service; and
WHEREAS, that same legislation can be repealed and the Supreme Court may strike legislation or retreat from its own precedent, thereby eliminating or abridging legal rights currently enjoyed by women, girls, and their families; and

WHEREAS, inclusion of the Equal Rights Amendment in the Constitution would require courts to apply the same strict level of scrutiny it applies to test the constitutionality of government action based on race, religion, or national origin; and

WHEREAS, a majority of American citizens reported in a 2015 poll that they support an amendment to the United States Constitution to guarantee equal rights for both men and women; and

WHEREAS, Utah residents value the continued participation of women in education, the military, public service, and other spheres of our society; and

WHEREAS, a recent poll revealed that more than 70 percent of Utahns support ratifying the Equal Rights Amendment; and

WHEREAS, the Equal Rights Amendment was passed in 1972 by Congress, which imposed a seven-year ratification deadline on states, later extended to ten years; and

WHEREAS, the Constitution does not expressly authorize Congress to impose ratification deadlines on the states, and, moreover, if Congress does have such power, then it also has the power to extend or eliminate its deadlines; and

WHEREAS, well after the 1982 deadline set by Congress, Nevada in 2017 and Illinois in 2018 ratified the Equal Rights Amendment, bringing the total number of states that have ratified the amendment to 37, just one shy of the 38 needed to satisfy the Constitutional requirement that an amendment be ratified by three-fourths of the states to become valid; and

WHEREAS, Virginia in 2020 became the 38th state to ratify the ERA – crossing the three-fourths threshold of support required from the states to become a constitutional amendment; and

WHEREAS, the Equal Rights Amendment states:

Section 1. Equality of rights under the law shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex.

Section 2. The Congress shall have the power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

Section 3. This amendment shall take effect two years after the date of ratification.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that we, the Moab City Council, the Council for the Town of Castle Valley, and the Grand County Council, urge the Legislature of the State
of Utah to ratify the Equal Rights Amendment to the U.S. Constitution, as proposed by Congress on March 22, 1972, during the 2020 legislative session.

PASSED AND ADOPTED in open meeting by a majority vote of the legislative bodies of the City of Moab, the Town of Castle Valley, and Grand County this 18th day of February, 2020.

CITY OF MOAB

ATTEST:

Emily S. Niehaus, Mayor
Sommar Johnson, City Recorder

TOWN OF CASTLE VALLEY, UTAH

ATTEST:

Jazmine Duncan, Mayor
Jocelyn Buck, Town Clerk

GRAND COUNTY, UTAH

ATTEST:

Mary McGann, Chair
Chris Baird, Clerk/Auditor